

MADDE YAYIMLANDIKTAN SONRA GELEN DOKÜMAN

The Tribal Affiliations of Shuraḥbīl ibn Ḥasana

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Introduction

Shuraḥbīl ibn Ḥasana (d. 18/639) was an early Meccan convert to Islam who became a leading commander during the Arab conquest of southern Syria.¹ This article does not discuss Shuraḥbīl's military career, the contours of which are reasonably well known.² Instead, it examines his tribal origins and the circumstances of his move to Medina, topics that have received little scholarly attention. The significance of accounts concerning Shuraḥbīl's tribal connections and life in Medina lies in the fact that they reveal reliable information on the territories and alliances of some of the clans of the Anṣār (the Medinan "helpers" of the Prophet Muḥammad). The article thus focuses on genealogy on the one hand, and geography on the other, and aims to demonstrate that

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- ¹ C. E. Bosworth, "Shuraḥbīl b. Hasana," in Encyclopaedia of Islam, 2nd ed.
 - ² See ibid. for references to scholarly treatments of this topic.

combining the two is a useful method to advance our knowledge of the early Islamic period.

This article is divided into three parts. First, I discuss Shuraḥbīl's origin, including his genealogy, for which information in Muslim sources is both abundant and contradictory. The preoccupation of the sources with genealogy is quite typical, and oftentimes the large body of information—sometimes real, sometimes fictional that can be found concerning the family origins of prominent figures stands in sharp contrast to the sparse details provided about their lives and activities. The large amount of genealogical material available on Shuraḥbīl renders his background worthy of close examination. Although the numerous contradictions do not allow us to gain a definitive picture of Shuraḥbīl's lineage, they illustrate the level of genealogical detail that can be extracted from the sources about individuals of obscure origin.

The next part of the article discusses Shuraḥbīl's stay in Medina with his maternal half-brothers among the Khazrajī clan of the Banū Zurayq. A careful examination of the tribal affiliation of Shuraḥbīl's half-brothers and of the territory of the Khazrajī group to which they belonged shows that the information provided by the Muslim sources in this regard can be considered trustworthy.